



Understanding and Preventing Youth on Youth Abuse

The Boy Scouts of America's top priority is creating the most secure environment possible for our youth members.



Safety Moment

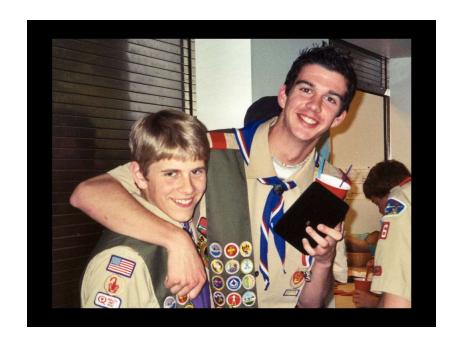
SAFE Scouting



Today we will cover:

Youth on Youth Abuse

- Recognize
- Prevent
- React
- Report



Recognize

Youth on Youth Abuse

What comes into your mind when we say youth on youth abuse?

Recognize

- Bullying
- Hazing
- Inappropriate physical contact
- Sexual talk
- Initiations & games

- Inappropriate online interactions
- Sexting
- Exposure to inappropriate material
- Sexual contact and assault

Youth on Youth Abuse - Reality



Nearly one out of every four students or 22 percent report being bullied during the school year.

One in five of girls and 1 in 20 boys is a target of child abuse.

Youth on Youth Abuse - Reality Sexual Abuse - 1 out of 4 girls and 1 out of 6 boys experience sexual abuse before 18th birthday.

1/3 are committed by other youth.

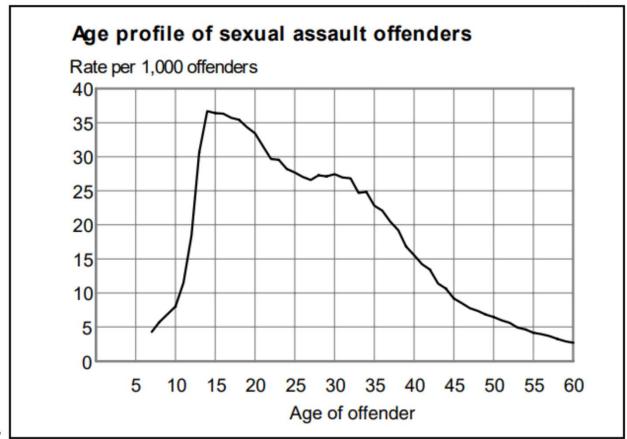
Youth on Youth Abuse - Reality Sexual Abuse

Over the course of their lifetime 28% of US youth ages 14-17 have been sexually

targeted.



Youth on Youth Abuse - Reality



Youth on Youth Abuse - Reality

Youth abusers are often:

- Older siblings, cousins & other family members
- Sexual abuse likely to occur overnight
- Abuse often disguised as "game playing"
- Public displays of affection (PDA) are "Prohibited" in scouting.

Recognize

Bullying: in person, group setting, online

- Physical Bullying
- Social Bullying
- Cyber Bullying



Youth on Youth Abuse Recognize Physical Bullying











Youth on Youth Abuse Recognize Social Bullying









Youth on Youth Abuse Recognize Cyber Bullying









Types of youth that are likely to be bullied?

Race/Ethnicity/Language

Religion

Limited social skills

Sexual identity

Intelligence - high/low

Physical condition

Special Health Care

Youth on Youth Abuse Prevention

BSA Program





Youth on Youth Abuse Prevention – BSA Program

Mandatory
Youth Protection
Training

Formal leader selection process

Criminal background check



Barriers to abuse in place

Mandatory reporting

Volunteer screening database

Youth on Youth Abuse Prevention – BSA Barriers to Abuse

- ✓ Supervision tenting & nighttime
- ✓ Monitor areas
- ✓ No more than two years age difference tenting
- ✓ Ban alcohol & drugs
- ✓ Buddy system with no more than two years age difference
- ✓ No one on one contact
- ✓ Two deep leadership
- ✓ **PROHIBITED** all sexual activity & all forms of PDA



Youth on Youth Abuse Prevention – Leaders actively involved

- Situational awareness
- Monitor areas known for gatherings
- Make sure buddies are used
- > Be alert for unwanted behaviors.

Youth on Youth Abuse Prevention – Unwanted behaviors

- ✓ Unwanted advancements of staff (in person/online)
- ✓ Unwanted sexual or suggestive advances (in person/online)
- ✓ Verbal harassment (in person/online)
- ✓ Unwanted touching.

Youth on Youth Abuse Traditions

Can traditions be abuse, harassment, bullying,

hazing, initiations?



React – When you see bullying DO

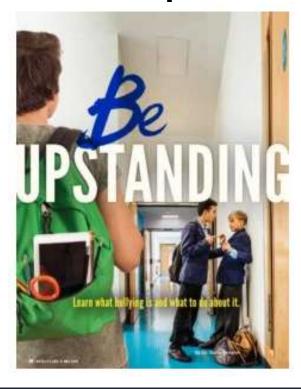
- > Stay calm
- Stop the behavior
- Separate the youth involved
- Make sure everyone is safe
- Meet any medical (physical and mental) health needs

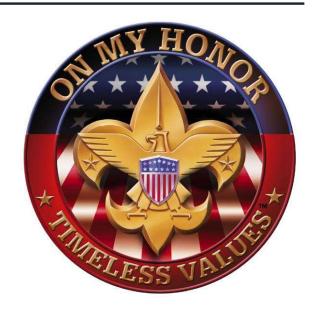
React – When you see bullying - DO

- > Summon assistance
- Notify program leadership Camp Director, Scout Executive
- Identify bystanders and discuss what happened privately
- > Be respectful and impartial.

- React When you see bullying DO NOT
- > Don't use labels like victim or bully
- Don't ignore the behavior
- Don't question or ask bystanders publicly
- > Don't make youth immediately apologize.

Youth on Youth Abuse React – Be an Upstander





React – When child comes to you about abuse:

- > Let child know you believe him or her
- > Show child you care
- > Respond in calm & supportive manner
- > Tell the child it is not their fault
- Let child know you want to help.

Youth on Youth Abuse

React – When child comes to you about abuse:

> Get basic info - you do not need details.

React – When child comes to

you about abuse, info to get:

Name & address of child

Name & address alleged abuser

Location of abuse

Nature of abuse

Date last incident

React – When child comes to you about abuse:

- > Don't overreact or panic
- > Don't press the child to give details
- Don't promise not to tell anyone
- > Don't shame, blame or minimize feelings
- > Don't conduct own investigation.

Report

Stop abuse

If someone is at immediate risk - 911

Notify program director (camp director, scoutmaster, scout executive)

Scouts First Helpline 1-844-SCOUTS1

Incidents of inappropriate activity, physical or sexual, regardless if consensual, **MUST** be reported.

Report
BSA Mandatory
Reporting to BSA

Any physical threat or use of weapon

Any negative behavior associated with race, color, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability

Any abuse of a child

Any mention or threat of suicide or harm to self or others

Report

Trust your instincts!



Youth on Youth Abuse **Report**

Why people are hesitant to report?

Youth on Youth Abuse Set the right environment to prevent abuse

- Create bully free environment
- Set positive examples
- Know & enforce Youth Protection policies
- Teach everyone about empathy
- Teach everyone how to look out for one another
- > Teach everyone to be an upstander
- Be a leader that is situationally aware

For each example you review consider:

What Barrier to Abuse was not followed.

What actions would you take?

Scenario 1:You become aware that a 17-year-old staff member is texting with a 15-year-old staff member over the course of a week. The 15-year-old becomes uncomfortable when the 17-year-old begins texting suggestive emojis to the 15-year-old. How do you respond?

Is your response different if during the week the 17 year old turns 18 years old?

Scenario 2: At camp you notice that the unit next to you has scouts going off on their own without buddies.

Scenario 3: You walk into a program area where a group of 16 year old campers are talking with some 14 year olds of the opposite gender and you hear them invite the 14 year olds to a party they are having tonight after dinner.

Scenario 4:You walk into a program area where a group of scouts are huddled together looking at someone's phone. The youth are giggling and saying, "show me, show me." These youth are a mixed group of genders and ages. Something doesn't feel right and as soon as you get closer the youth quickly puts the phone away and sits down.

Scenario 5: You notice a group of young scouts walking in the woods in the early evening, appearing to be searching for something. When you ask them what's up they say they have to find a snipe in order to participate in their unit's campfire sing along tonight. This is their first night at camp.

Questions?

Do you have anything you would like us to discuss?

Any outstanding issues?



for your attention and participation!